

# Extended Warm-Up

## 9/14/17

### One-Step Equations

Solve each equation.

$$1) \begin{array}{r} 26 = 8 + v \\ -8 \quad -8 \\ \hline 18 = v \end{array}$$

$$2) \begin{array}{r} 3 + p = 8 \\ -3 \quad -3 \\ \hline p = 5 \end{array}$$

$$3) \begin{array}{r} 15 + b = 23 \\ -15 \quad -15 \\ \hline b = 8 \end{array}$$

$$4) \begin{array}{r} -15 + n = -9 \\ +15 \quad +15 \\ \hline n = 6 \end{array}$$

$$5) \begin{array}{r} m + 4 = -12 \\ -4 \quad -4 \\ \hline m = -16 \end{array}$$

$$6) \begin{array}{r} x - 7 = 13 \\ +7 \quad +7 \\ \hline x = 20 \end{array}$$

$$7) m - 9 = -13$$
$$\quad +9 \quad +9$$

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$$m = -4$$

$$8) p - 6 = -5$$
$$\quad +6 \quad +6$$

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$$p = 1$$

$$9) v - 15 = -27$$
$$\quad +15 \quad +15$$

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$$v = -12$$

$$10) n + 16 = 9$$
$$\quad -16 \quad -16$$

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$$n = -7$$

$$11) \frac{-104}{8} = \frac{8x}{8}$$

$$\boxed{-13 = x}$$

$$12) \frac{14b}{14} = \frac{-56}{14}$$

$$\boxed{b = -4}$$

$$13) \overset{18}{\cdot} -6 = \frac{b}{18} \cdot \overset{18}{18}$$

$$\boxed{-108 = b}$$

$$14) \frac{10n}{10} = \frac{40}{10}$$

$$\boxed{n = 4}$$

# Module 4: Equations & Inequalities. 9/14/17

Standard:

**MFAEI1**: Create and solve equations and inequalities in one variable and justify solutions.

## Essential Question 9/14/17

- How can I solve one-step and two-step equations with one variable?

### Objective:

- To master solving one-step and two-step equations with one variable.

# Home Work Review: Solving Equations

# 1 - 14

# Solve Equations with Fractions

## Guided Practice 1 #1 - 10

### Day 2 – Solving Equations with Fractions

Solve each equation by either multiplying by the reciprocal, multiplying a common denominator, or cross multiplying.

$$1. \quad \cancel{\frac{-2}{7}}x = 6 \cdot \cancel{7}$$

$$\frac{-2x}{-2} = \frac{42}{-2}$$

$$x = -21$$

$$2. \quad \cancel{\frac{-m}{3}} = 2 \cdot \cancel{3}$$

$$\frac{-m}{-1} = \frac{6}{-1}$$

$$m = -6$$

$$3. \quad \frac{3}{4}t = \frac{2}{3}$$

$$\frac{3t}{4} = \frac{2}{3}$$

$$\cancel{9}t = \frac{8}{\cancel{9}}$$

$$t = \frac{8}{9}$$

$$4. \quad \frac{-5}{6}x = \frac{3}{4}$$

$$\frac{-5x}{6} = \frac{3}{4}$$

$$\frac{-20x}{-20} = \frac{18}{-20}$$

$$x = \frac{-18}{20}$$

$$x = -\frac{9}{10}$$

5.  $\frac{2x}{3} + 5 = 12$

$$\frac{2x}{3} + 5 = 12$$

$$\underline{-5 \quad -5}$$

$$\frac{2x}{3} = 7$$

$$\cancel{3} \cdot \frac{2x}{\cancel{3}} = 7 \cdot \cancel{3}$$

$$\frac{2x}{\cancel{2}} = \frac{21}{\cancel{2}}$$

$$\boxed{X = \frac{21}{2}}$$

$$\text{or } \boxed{X = 10.5}$$

LCM = 12

6.  $\frac{y}{6} + \frac{y}{4} = 5$

$$12 \left( \frac{y}{6} + \frac{y}{4} \right) = 5 \times 12$$

$$\frac{12y}{\cancel{6}_2} + \frac{12y}{\cancel{4}_3} = 60$$

$$2y + 3y = 60$$

$$\frac{5y}{\cancel{5}} = \frac{60}{\cancel{5}}$$

$$\boxed{y = 12}$$

LCM = 6

7.  $\frac{x}{2} - \frac{x}{3} = 8$

$$6 \left( \frac{x}{2} - \frac{x}{3} \right) = 8 \cdot 6$$

$$\frac{6x}{\cancel{2}_3} - \frac{6x}{\cancel{3}_2} = 48$$

$$3x - 2x = 48$$

$$\boxed{X = 48}$$



$$\textcircled{3} \frac{2x}{3} + 5 = 12$$
 multiplication  
 addition  $\textcircled{1}$   
 division  
 $\textcircled{2} X$

Solve

$$\textcircled{1} \frac{2x}{3} + \frac{5}{5} = \frac{12}{5}$$

$$2x = 7 \cdot 3$$

$$2x = 21$$

$$x = \frac{21}{2} \text{ or } 10.5$$

8.  $\frac{3}{4}(2x+1)=2$

$$\left(\frac{6x+3}{4}\right) = 2 \times 4$$

$$\frac{6x+3}{4} = 8$$

$$6x+3 = 8$$

$$6x = 5$$

$$x = \frac{5}{6}$$

9.  $\frac{2}{3}(3x+1)=5$

$$\left(\frac{6x+2}{3}\right) = 5 \times 3$$

$$\frac{6x+2}{3} = 15$$

$$6x+2 = 15$$

$$6x = 13$$

$$x = \frac{13}{6}$$

LCM = 10

10.  $2y - \frac{3}{5} = \frac{1}{2}$

$$+\frac{3}{5} \quad +\frac{3}{5}$$


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$$2y = \frac{1}{2} + \frac{3}{5}$$

$$20y = \frac{10}{2} + \frac{30}{5}$$

$$20y = 5 + 6$$

$$20y = 11$$

$$y = \frac{11}{20}$$

# Home Work Due Tomorrow!

Day 2 – Creating and Solving Equations Practice

Write an equation that can be used to model the following problem. Finally, use your equation to SOLVE the problem.

1. Find three consecutive integers whose sum is 171.

$$\begin{aligned} \underline{x} + (\underline{x} + 1) + (\underline{x} + 2) &= 171 && \textcircled{2} \ 57 \\ 3x + \cancel{3} &= 171 && x = 56 \textcircled{1} \quad \textcircled{3} \ 58 \\ 3x &= 168 \end{aligned}$$

check

2. The sum of 3 consecutive even numbers add up to 1002. Find the three numbers.

$$\begin{aligned} 1^{st} &= x && x + (x+2) + (x+4) = 1002 && 332 \\ 2^{nd} &= x+2 && 3x + 6 = 1002 && 334 \\ 3^{rd} &= x+4 && && 336 \\ &&& && \hline &&& && 1002 \end{aligned}$$

3. The sides of a triangular birdcage are consecutive integers. If the perimeter is 114 centimeters, what is the length of each side?

$$\begin{aligned} 1^{st} &= x && x + (x+1) + (x+2) = 114 \\ 2^{nd} &= x+1 && 3x + \cancel{3} = 114 && \frac{111}{3} = 37, 38, 39 \\ 3^{rd} &= x+2 && \frac{111}{3} && \end{aligned}$$

4. Alex has twice as much money as Jennifer. Jennifer has \$6 less than Shannon. Together they have \$54. How much money does each person have?

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Shannon: } &x && x + (x-6) + 2(x-6) = 54 \\ \text{Jennifer: } &x-6 && \textcircled{x} + \textcircled{x-6} + \textcircled{2x} - 12 = 54 \\ \text{Alex: } &2(x-6) && 4x - 18 = 54 \end{aligned}$$

5. Four friends are trading basketball cards. Bill gets 3 cards less than Shawn. Michael gets 7 more cards than Bill. Shawn gets twice as many as Michael. How many cards does each person get if there are a total of 74 cards?

$$\begin{aligned} &18 \\ &\underline{-18} \\ &24 \\ &\underline{-24} \\ &54 \end{aligned} \qquad \begin{array}{r} 4x - 18 = 54 \\ \hline 4x \quad | \quad 72 \\ \hline 4 \quad | \quad 4 \end{array} \qquad \textcircled{x = 18}$$