

Unit 3A – Solving Quadratic Equations by Factoring

A quadratic equation is written in the **Standard Form**,

$$ax^2 + bx + c = 0$$

where a , b , and c are real numbers and $a \neq 0$.

Examples:

$$x^2 - 7x + 12 = 0 \quad (\text{standard form})$$

$$x(x + 7) = 0$$

$$3x^2 + 4x = 15$$

Unit 3A – Solving Quadratic Equations by Factoring

Zero Factor Property:

If a and b are real numbers and if $ab = 0$,
then $a = 0$ or $b = 0$.

Examples:

$$x(x + 7) = 0$$

$$x = 0$$

$$x + 7 = 0$$

$$x = 0$$

$$x = -7$$

Unit 3A – Solving Quadratic Equations by Factoring

Zero Factor Property:

If a and b are real numbers and if $ab = 0$,
then $a = 0$ or $b = 0$.

Examples:

$$(x - 10)(3x - 6) = 0$$

$$x - 10 = 0$$

$$x - 10 + 10 = 0 + 10$$

$$x = 10$$

$$3x - 6 = 0$$

$$3x - 6 + 6 = 0 + 6$$

$$3x = 6 \quad \frac{3x}{3} = \frac{6}{3} \quad x = 2$$

Unit 3A – Solving Quadratic Equations by Factoring

Solving Quadratic Equations:

- 1) Write the equation in standard form.
- 2) Factor the equation completely.
- 3) Set each factor equal to 0.
- 4) Solve each equation.
- 5) Check the solutions (in original equation).

Unit 3A – Solving Quadratic Equations by Factoring

$$x^2 - 3x = 18$$

$$x^2 - 3x - 18 = 0$$

Factors of 18:

1, 18 2, 9 3, 6

$$(x + 3)(x - 6) = 0$$

$$x + 3 = 0 \quad x - 6 = 0$$

$$x = -3 \quad x = 6$$

$$(\mathbf{6})^2 - 3(\mathbf{6}) = 18$$

$$36 - 18 = 18$$

$$18 = 18$$

$$(\mathbf{-3})^2 - 3(\mathbf{-3}) = 18$$

$$9 + 9 = 18$$

$$18 = 18$$

Unit 3A – Solving Quadratic Equations by Factoring

If the Zero Factor Property is not used, then the solutions will be incorrect

$$x^2 - 3x = 18$$

$$x(x - 3) = 18$$

$$x = 18 \quad x - 3 = 18$$

$$x - 3 + 3 = 18 + 3$$

$$x = 21$$

$$(18)^2 - 3(18) = 18$$

$$324 - 54 = 18$$

$$270 \neq 18$$

$$(21)^2 - 3(21) = 18$$

$$441 - 63 = 18$$

$$378 \neq 18$$

Unit 3A– Solving Quadratic Equations by Factoring

$$x(x - 4) = 5$$

$$x^2 - 4x = 5$$

$$x^2 - 4x - 5 = 0$$

$$(x + 1)(x - 5) = 0$$

$$x + 1 = 0 \quad x - 5 = 0$$

$$x = -1 \quad x = 5$$

Unit 3A – Solving Quadratic Equations by Factoring

$$x(3x + 7) = 6$$

$$3x^2 + 7x = 6$$

$$3x^2 + 7x - 6 = 0$$

Factors of 3:

1, 3

Factors of 6:

1, 6 2, 3

$$(x + 3)(3x - 2) = 0$$

$$x + 3 = 0 \quad 3x - 2 = 0$$

$$x = -3$$

$$3x = 2$$

$$x = \frac{2}{3}$$

Unit 3A – Solving Quadratic Equations by Factoring

$$9x^2 - 24x = -16$$

$$9x^2 - 24x + 16 = 0$$

(9 and 16 are perfect squares)

$$(3x - 4)(3x - 4) = 0$$

$$3x - 4 = 0$$

$$3x = 4$$

$$x = \frac{4}{3}$$

Unit 3A – Solving Quadratic Equations by Factoring

$$2x^3 - 18x = 0$$

$$2x(x^2 - 9) = 0$$

$$2x(x + 3)(x - 3) = 0$$

$$2x = 0 \quad x + 3 = 0 \quad x - 3 = 0$$

$$x = 0 \quad x = -3 \quad x = 3$$

Unit 3A – Solving Quadratic Equations by Factoring

$$(x + 3)(3x^2 - 20x - 7) = 0$$

Factors of 3: 1, 3 *Factors of 7: 1, 7*

$$(x + 3)(x - 7)(3x + 1) = 0$$

$$x + 3 = 0 \quad x - 7 = 0 \quad 3x + 1 = 0$$

$$x = -3$$

$$x = 7$$

$$3x = -1$$

$$x = -\frac{1}{3}$$

Unit 3A – Quadratic Equations and Problem Solving

A scuba diver is 64 feet above the surface of the

water. The formula for calculating the height (h) of the diver after t seconds is: $h = -16t^2 + 64$.

How long does it take for the diver to hit the surface of the water?

$$0 = -16t^2 + 64$$

$$0 = -16(t^2 - 4)$$

$$0 = -16(t + 2)(t - 2)$$

$$t + 2 = 0$$

$$t - 2 = 0$$

~~$$t = -2$$~~

$$t = 2 \text{ seconds}$$

Unit 3A – Quadratic Equations and Problem Solving

The square of a number minus twice the number is 63. Find the number.

x is the number.

$$x^2 - 2x = 63$$

$$x^2 - 2x - 63 = 0$$

Factors of 63: 1, 63 3, 21 7, 9

$$(x + 7)(x - 9) = 0$$

$$x + 7 = 0 \qquad x - 9 = 0$$

$$x = -7$$

$$x = 9$$

Unit 3A – Quadratic Equations and Problem Solving

The length of a rectangular garden is 5 feet more than its width. The area of the garden is 176 square feet. What are the length and the width of the garden?

$l \cdot w = A$ The width is w . The length is $w+5$.

$$(w+5)w = 176$$

$$(w-11)(w+16) = 0$$

$$w^2 + 5w = 176$$

$$w-11=0 \quad w+16=0$$

$$w^2 + 5w - 176 = 0$$

$$w = 11$$

~~$$w = -16$$~~

Factors of 176:

1, 176 2, 88 4, 44

$$w = 11 \text{ feet}$$

$$l = 11 + 5$$

8, 22 11, 16

$$l = 16 \text{ feet}$$

Unit 3A – Quadratic Equations and Problem Solving

Find two consecutive odd numbers whose product is 23 more than their sum?

Consecutive odd numbers: x $x + 2$.

$$x(x + 2) = (x + x + 2) + 23 \quad | \quad x + 5 = 0 \quad \quad x - 5 = 0$$

$$x^2 + 2x = 2x + 25 \quad | \quad x = -5 \quad \quad x = 5$$

$$x^2 + 2x - 2x = 2x + 25 - 2x \quad | \quad -5 + 2 = -3 \quad \quad 5 + 2 = 7$$

$$x^2 = 25 \quad | \quad -5, -3 \quad \quad 5, 7$$

$$x^2 - 25 = 25 - 25$$

$$x^2 - 25 = 0$$

$$(x + 5)(x - 5) = 0$$

Unit 3A – Quadratic Equations and Problem Solving

The length of one leg of a right triangle is 7 meters less than the length of the other leg. The length of the hypotenuse is 13 meters. What are the lengths of the legs? (*Pythagorean Th.*)

$$a^2 + b^2 = c^2$$

$$a = x \quad b = x - 7 \quad c = 13$$

$$x^2 + (x - 7)^2 = 13^2$$

$$x^2 + x^2 - 14x + 49 = 169$$

$$2x^2 - 14x - 120 = 0$$

$$2(x^2 - 7x - 60) = 0$$

Factors of 60: 1, 60 2, 30

3, 20 4, 15 5, 12 6, 10

$$2(x + 5)(x - 12) = 0$$

$$x + 5 = 0 \quad x - 12 = 0$$

~~$$x = -5$$~~

$$x = 12$$

$$a = 12 \text{ meters}$$

$$b = 12 - 7 = 5 \text{ meters}$$