# Identifying functions and using function notation

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- A <u>relation</u> is a pairing of input and output values
- The <u>domain</u> contains the input values.
- The <u>range</u> of a function or relation contains the output values.
- The input value, normally <u>x</u>, is the independent variable.
- The output, normally <u>v</u>, is called the <u>dependent variable</u>

The input of a function is the independent variable. The output of a function is the dependent variable. The value of the dependent variable depends on, or is a function of, the value of the independent variable.

## Caution!!!!!

# •In a function, the y values may repeat, the x values may

## not.

## Function

 A function is a mapping between 2 sets that associates with each element of the first set, the domain, a unique (one and only one) element of the second set, the range.

## **Identifying functions**









## and range







## **Vertical line test**



 When a relation is represented by a graph, the vertical line test is used to determine if the relation is a function



## Are these functions?















#### Example 1: Identifying Independent and Dependent Variables

**Identify the independent and dependent variables in the situation.** 

A painter must measure a room before deciding how much paint to buy.

The amount of paint depends on the measurement of a room.

Dependent: amount of paint Independent: measurement of the room

#### Example 2: Identifying Independent and Dependent Variables

**Identify the independent and dependent variables in the situation.** 

The height of a candle decrease *d* centimeters for every hour it burns.

The height of a candle *depends* on the number of hours it burns.

Dependent: height of candle Independent: time

#### Example 3: Identifying Independent and Dependent Variables

**Identify the independent and dependent variables in the situation.** 

A veterinarian must weigh an animal before determining the amount of medication.

The amount of medication depends on the weight of an animal.

Dependent: amount of medication Independent: weight of animal

- It is sometimes necessary to work with more than one equation at a time.
- Function notation uses parentheses and letters to distinguish between equations
- The equation y= x + 2 can be written
- f(x) = x+2
- The equation y = x-5 can be written
- g(x) = x-5
- If I want to evaluate for x = 2, I would need to know which equation I wanted to use. Functional notation tells me that.
- g(2) means I want to replace x with 2 in the g function,
- So g(2) = 2-5 = -3

## Using Function notation to evaluate functions

- If h (x) = 4x-3 and p (x) =  $x^2 3x$  find p(-3)
- Use the "p" function
  p(-3) = (-3)<sup>2</sup> -3(-3)
  = 9 +9
  = 18

## **Evaluate functions**

### • If $h(x) = -5x^2 + 2$ and p(x) = x/2 - 3x find h(-2)

## Word problem

- A company charges \$.25 per minute for a cell phone call. This can be expressed as the ordered pair (1, .25). Find the cost of a 2 minute call, 3-minute, and 4-minute call. Express the answers in set notation. Identify the domain and range. Determine if the set represents a function.
- 1 minute = (1, .25)
- 2 minute = (2, .5)
- 3 minute = (3, .75)
- 4 minute = (4, 1)
- Domain = 1,2,3,4, Range = .25, .5, .75, 1
- Yes, function for every x value there is exactly one y value

## Problem

- The company charges \$.25 per minute for up to 3 minutes and then \$.10 for every minute thereafter.
- Find the cost of a 2 minute, 3 minute and 4 minute call. Express the answers as ordered pairs.
- Find the domain and range.
- Is the set a function?

### practice

### • 1. If a (x) = 9 + 6x and v (x) = $9x + 3x^2$ , find v(2)

 2. If you buy one ticket to a local baseball game, the cost is \$25. This can be expressed as the ordered pair (1,25). There is a 1-day special if you buy one ticket at regular price, each additional ticket is \$20. Find the cost if you buy 2,3,and 4 tickets. Express the answers as ordered pairs in set notation. Identify the domain and range. Is the set a function?

- FORM A
- y = 5x 3
- Find *y* when x = 2
- y = 5x 3
- y = 5(2) 3
- y = 10 3
- *y* = 7
- solution: (x, y) = (2, 7)

FORM B f(x)=5x-3Find f(2). f(x) = 5x - 3f(2) = 5(2) - 3f(2) = 10 - 3f(2) = 7solution: (x, f(x)) = (2, 7)