Graphing Linear Inequalities Section 6.8

> EVERYONE GET A COMMUNICATOR!!! One side blank, other side graph

How to Determine the Type of Line to Draw Type of Line Inequality Symbol > or < Dotted Line NO 2 Solid Line > or <



Choose the type of line for the inequality given.

1. $y \ge 3x - 2$

2. y > $\frac{1}{4}x - 5$

a. Solid

a. Solid

b. Dotted

b. Dotted

Choose the inequality symbol for the line shown.

< or >

< or >

Choose the inequality symbol for the line shown.

< or >

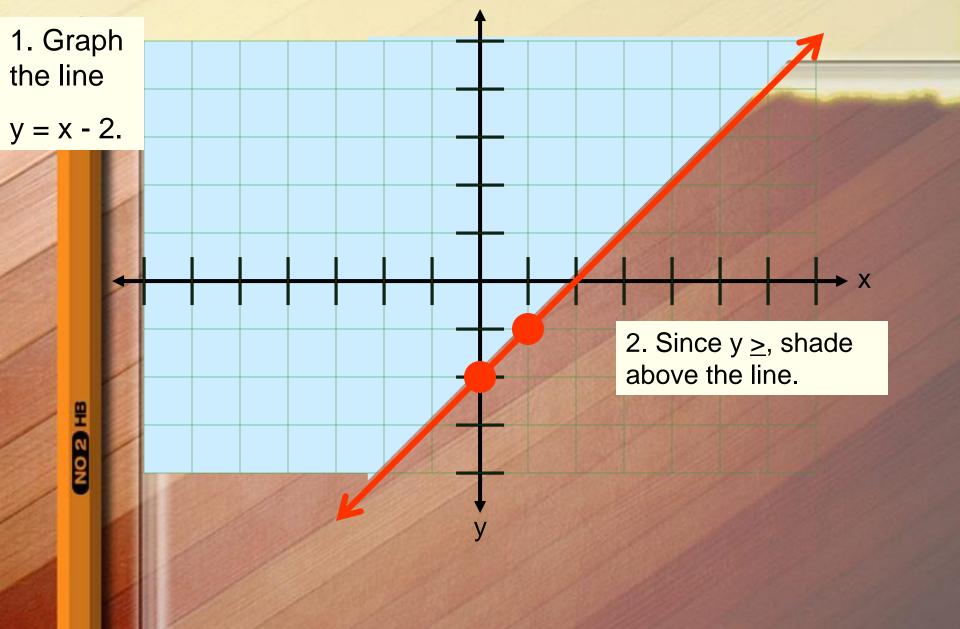
/

NO 2 HB

< or >

If the Shade inequality is: y > mx + bAbove the or line $y \ge mx + b$ y < mx + bNO 2 HB Below the line or < mx + b

Graph $y \ge x - 2$.



Graph $y \leq x - 2$.

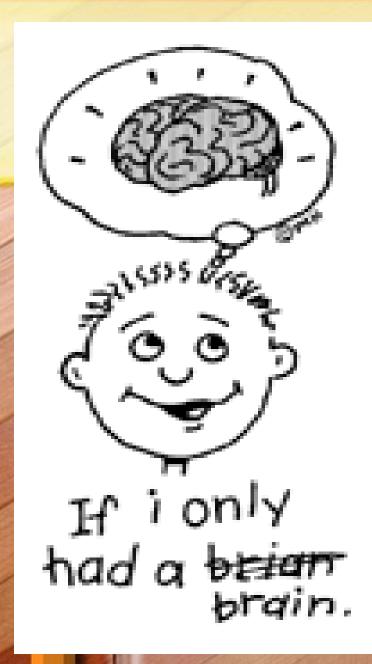
1. Graph the line

y = x - 2.

NO 2 HB

2. Since $y \leq$, shade below the line.

X



Lessor Start

Do you do anything different when the line is dotted rather than solid?



Graph y > x - 2.

1. Graph the line y = x - 2, but make the line dotted.

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X 2. Since y >, shade above the line.

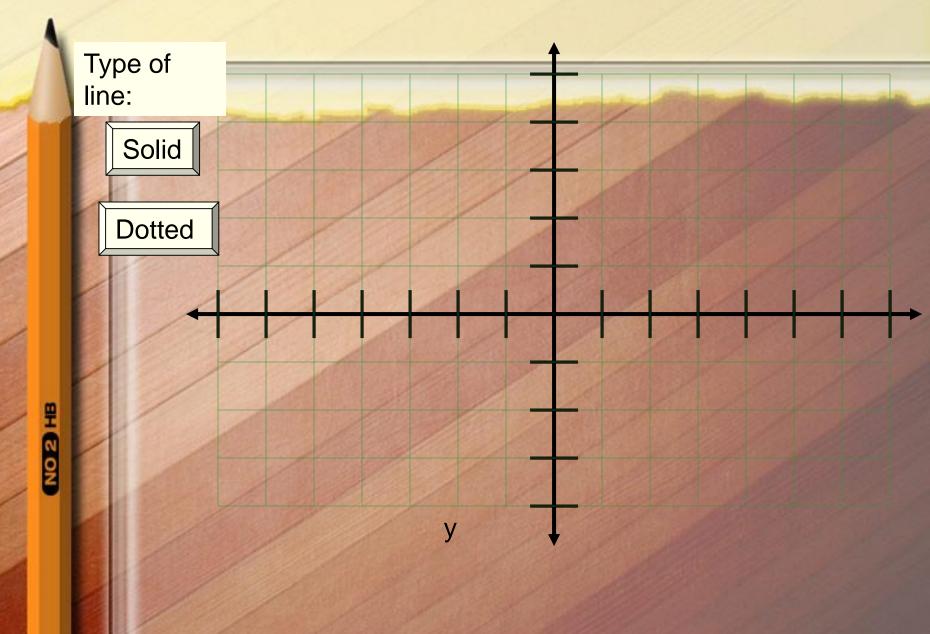
Graph y < x - 2.

 Graph the line
 y = x - 2,
 but make
 the line
 dotted.

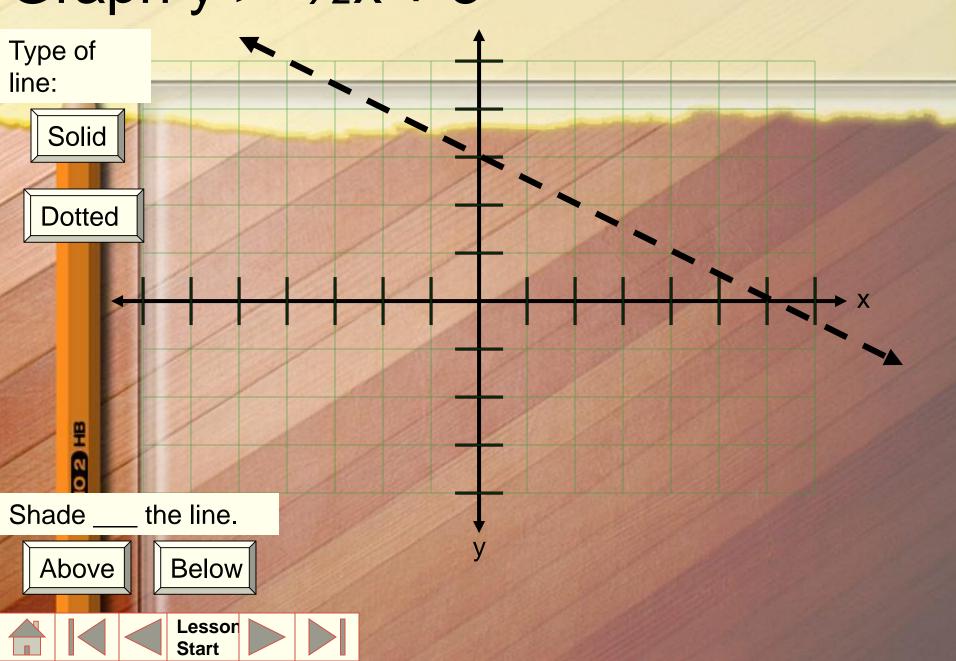
2. Since y <, shade below the line.

X

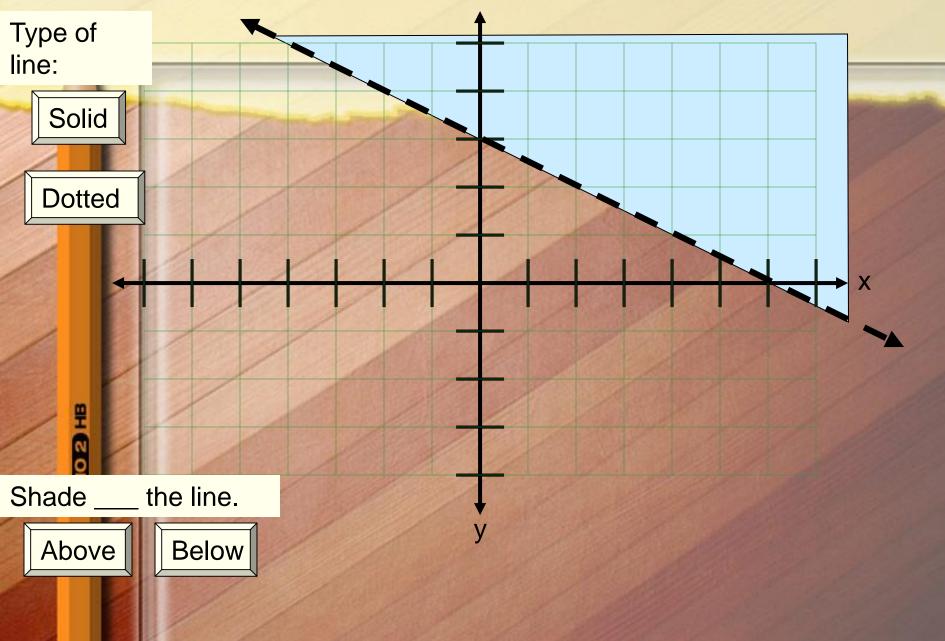
Graph y > $-\frac{1}{2}x + 3$



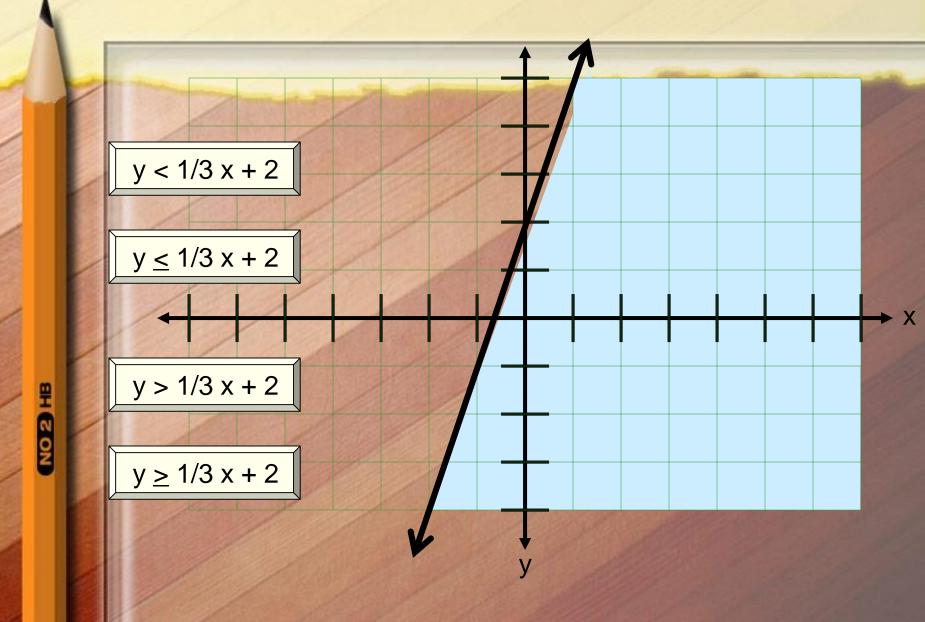
Graph y > $-\frac{1}{2}x + 3$



Graph y > $-\frac{1}{2}x + 3$



Choose the correct inequality for the graph shown.



Where to Shade for Undefined or No Slopes:

The inequality must be in

x 🍑 # (no y)

format.

🍑 can be:

 $>, \geq, <,$ or \leq .

B

If the Shade inequality is: To the x># Right of the or line x > # x < # NO 2 HB Left of the line or × < #

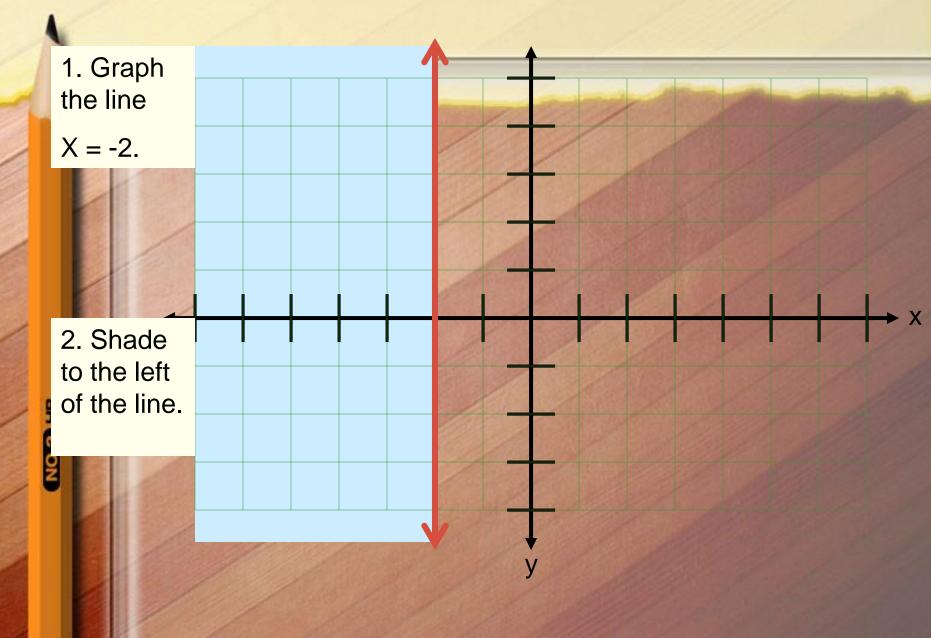
Graph x > -2

1. Draw a dotted vertical line at x = -2.

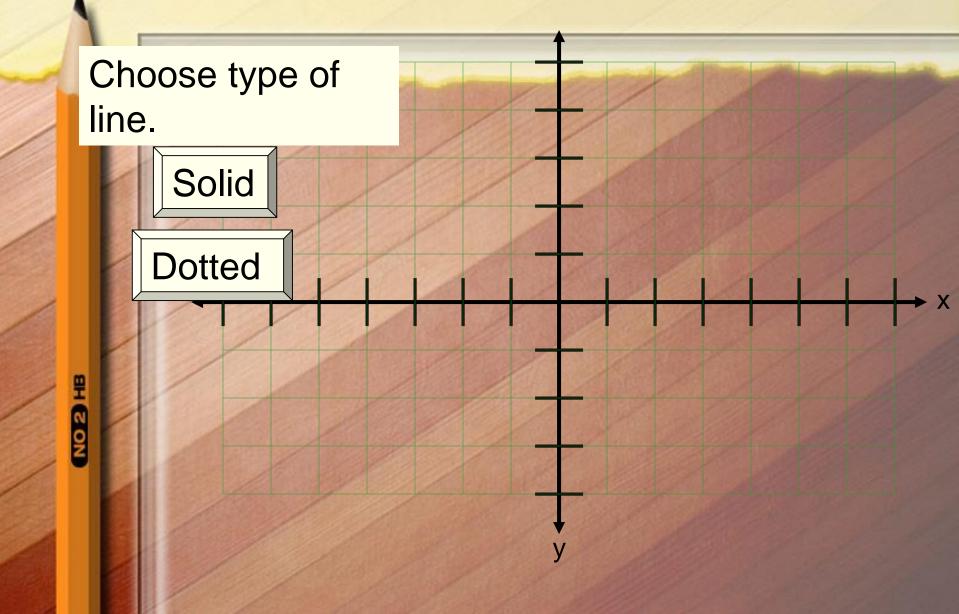
2. Shade to the right of the line. X

NO2

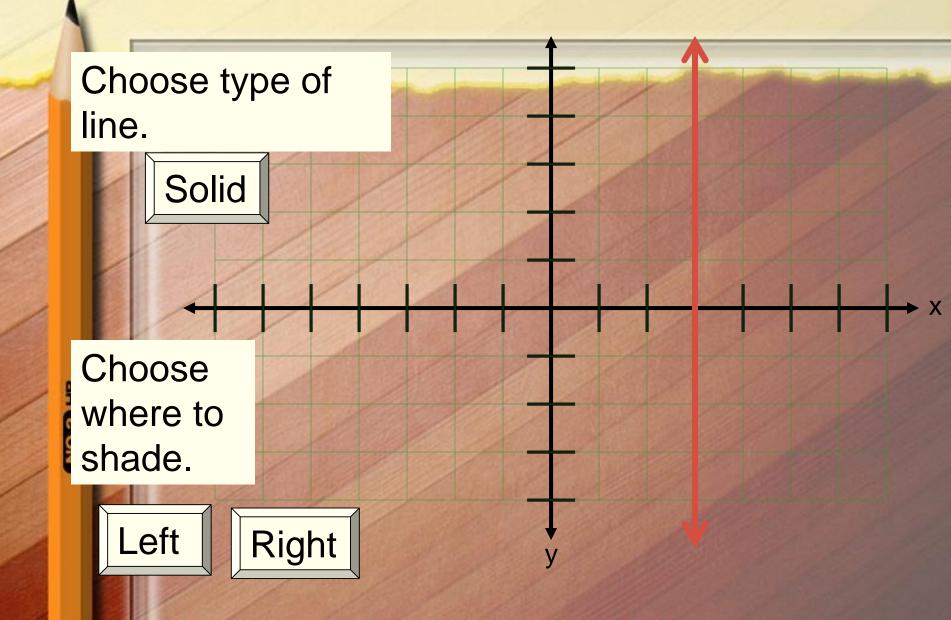
Graph $x \leq -2$.



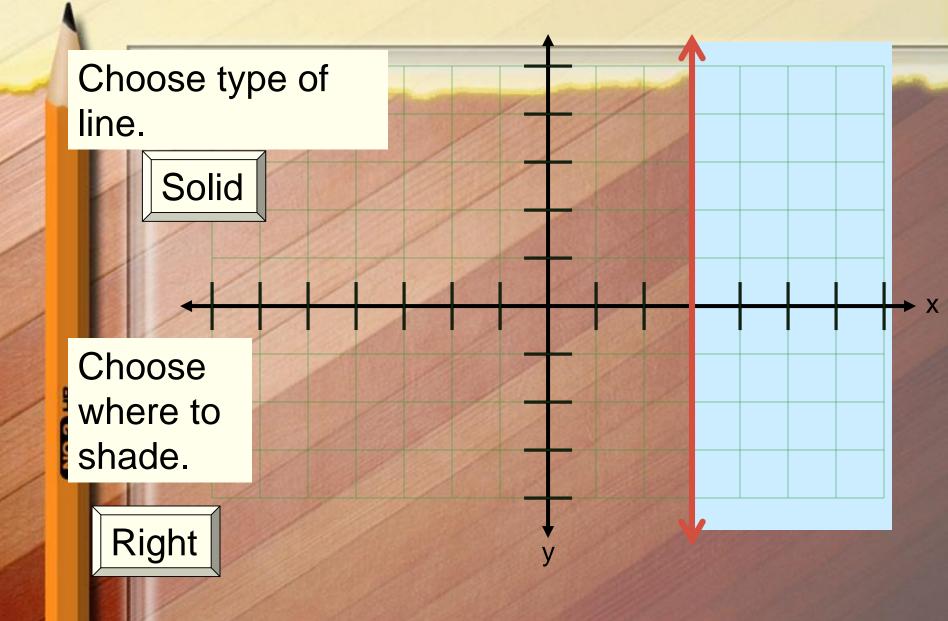
Graph $x \ge 3$.



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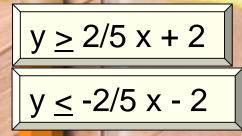
Graph $x \ge 3$.

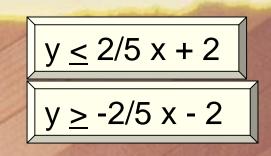


Solve -3x - 2y < 12. <u>+3x</u> +3x $\frac{-2y}{-2} < \frac{3x}{-2} + \frac{12}{-2}$ y > -3/2 x - 6 NO 2 HB

Choose the correct inequality.

1. 2x + 5y ≥ -10





2. 3x - 2y ≥ 10

y <u>≥</u> -2/3 x - 5 y <u><</u> 2/3 x − 5

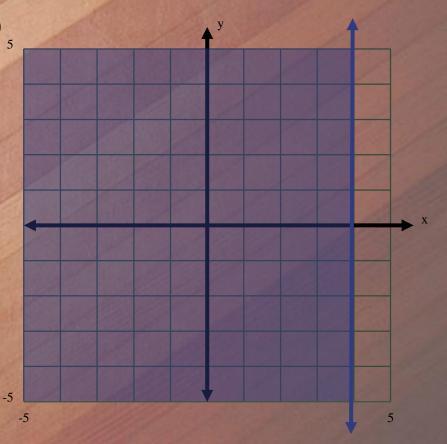
y <u><</u> −2/3 x − 5 y ≥ 2/3 x - 5

Example 1

Which ordered pair is a solution of 5x - 2y ≤ 6?
A. (0, -3)
B. (5, 5)
C. (1, -2)
D. (3, 3)

Example 2

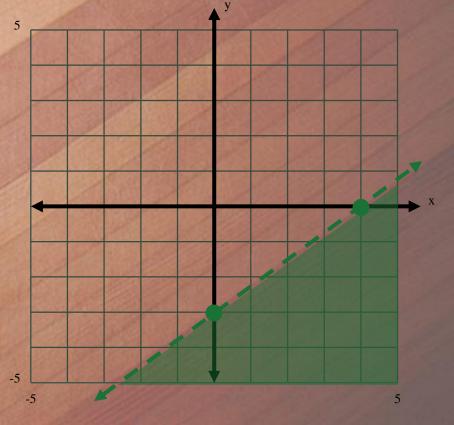
- Graph the inequality x ≤ 4 in a coordinate plane.
- Decide whether to use a solid or dashed line.
- Use (0, 0) as a test point.
- Shade where the solutions will be.



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Example 3

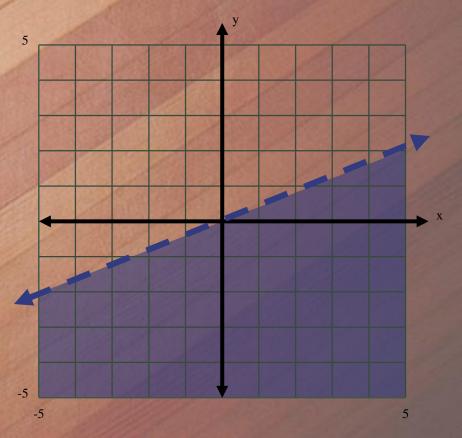
- Graph 3x 4y > 12 in a coordinate plane.
- Sketch the boundary line of the graph.
 - Solve for "y" first:
 - $y < \frac{3}{4}x 3$
- Solid or dashed line?
- Use (0, 0) as a test point.
- Shade where the solutions are.



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Example 4:

- Graph $y < {}^{2}I_{5}x$ in a coordinate plane.
- What is the slope and y-intercept?
- m = 2/5
- b = (0,0)
- Solid or dashed line?
- Use a test point OTHER than the origin.
- Shade where the solutions are.

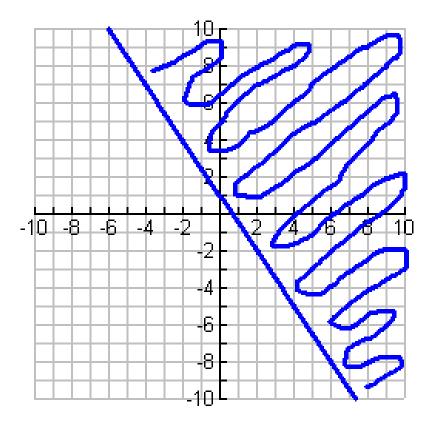


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Graph: y ≥ -3/2x + 1

Step 1: graph the boundary (the line is solid ≥)

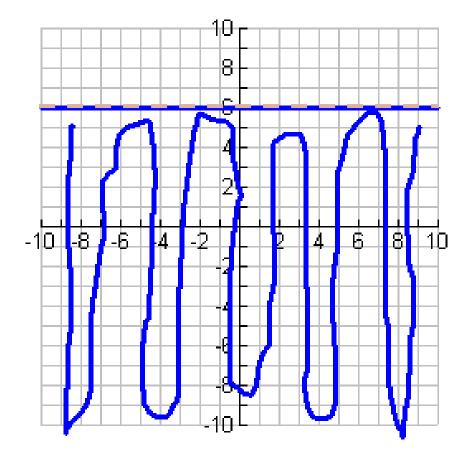
Step 2: test a point NOT On the line (0,0) is always The easiest if it's Not on the line!! $3(0) + 2(0) \ge 2$ $0 \ge 2$ Not a solution S



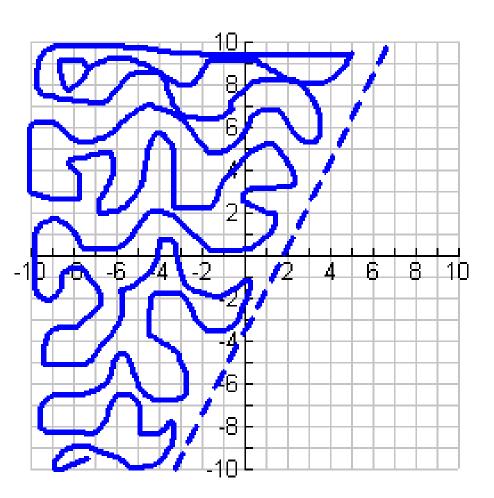
So shade the other side of the line!!



Graph: y < 6



Graph: 4x – 2y < 7



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